

MACPATCH

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier MACPATCH
Other Means of MACPATCH

Identification

Other Identification Pounder Premium Patch, Perma Patch, MACPATCH HPB, QPR 2000, MACPATCH IAR

Recommended Use Asphalt, Cold Mix for Pot Hole Repair.

Restrictions on Use None known.

Manufacturer/Supplier McAsphalt Industries Ltd, 8800 Sheppard Ave East, Toronto, Ontario, M1B 5R4,

Identifier 416-281-8181

Emergency Phone No. CANUTEC, (613) 996 - 6666, 24 hours

McAsphalt Industries Ltd., 1 - (800) - 268 - 4238, 8AM-5PM Monday to Friday

Date of Preparation September 21, 2018

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Flammable liquid - Category 4; Acute toxicity (Oral) - Category 4; Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Label Elements





Warning

Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Other Hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	%	Other Identifiers	Other Names
Asphalt (Bitumen) fume	8052-42-4	50-80		
FUEL OIL NO. 2	68476-30-2	10-35		
Asphalt Additive	64754-94-5, 111-41-1	0-3		
Hydrogen sulfide	7783-06-4	0-1		

Notes

Antistripping additive added in quantities < 1% when indicated. Heated product may evolve vapours irritating to the nose, throat and lungs. See section 8 for further information.

During storage or transit of hot asphalt, hydrogen sulphide may be generated.

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SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First-aid Measures

Inhalation

If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnnel. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie, belt or waist band. Get medical attention immediately. Move to fresh air. Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Skin Contact

For hot asphalt splash, cool affected body part with water immersion or shower. Do not attempt to remove asphalt from the skin. Once the bitumen has cooled, it will do no further harm and in fact provide a sterile covering over a burnt area. As healing takes place, the bitumen plaque, the bitumen plaque will detach itself, usually after a few days. For skin soiling without underlying burn, cleanse with mineral oil followed by soap and water. Use olive oil in vicinity of eyes.

Eye Contact

Immediately rinse the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15-20 minutes, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconcious person. Get medical attention immediately.

First-aid Comments

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice or attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Delayed

If inhaled:

Can irritate the nose and throat. Symptoms may include coughing, shortness of breath, difficult breathing and tightness in the chest. A single exposure to a high concentration can cause a long-lasting condition like asthma. If this occurs, many things like other chemicals or cold temperatures can easily irritate the airways. Symptoms may include shortness of breath, tightness in the chest and wheezing.

If in eves

May cause mild irritation. Symptoms include sore, red eyes, and tearing.

If swallowed:

Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, stomach cramps and diarrhea.

Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Special Instructions

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Large fire: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, appropriate foam, water spray or fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None known.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Product

Flammability of the product: Will burn on prolonged exposure to flame or high temperature.

Hydrogen sulphide may be released if the product is overheated and may accumulate in the tank headspace or any other confined space.

Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

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Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece.

Fire-fighters may enter the area if positive pressure SCBA and full Bunker Gear is worn. See Skin Protection in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection) for advice on suitable chemical protective materials.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures

Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventillation. Wear apporpriate respirator when ventillation is inadequate. Put on apporpriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental Precautions

Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information.

Other Information

Contact supplier, local fire and emergency services for help. Report spills to local health, safety and environmental authorities, as required.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

It is good practice to: avoid breathing product; avoid skin and eye contact and wash hands after handling. Do NOT smoke in work areas. Do NOT eat, drink or store food in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas or leaving work area. Wash hands thoroughly after handling this product and before eating, using the washroom or leaving work area. Properly dispose of any contaminated items, including shoes, that cannot be decontaminated. DO NOT re-use. See Section 13 (Disposal Considerations) of this safety data sheet.

Conditions for Safe Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

	ACGIH	ACGIH TLV®		OSHA PEL		AIHA WEEL	
Chemical Name	TWA	STEL	TWA	Ceiling	8-hr TWA	TWA	
Asphalt (Bitumen) fume	0.5 mg/m3 (I) A4 BEI		Not established				
FUEL OIL NO. 2	100 mg/m3						
Hydrogen sulfide	1 ppm	5 ppm					

Consult local authorities for provincial or state exposure limits. ACGIH® = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. TLV® = Threshold Limit Value. TWA = Time-Weighted Average. STEL = Short-term Exposure Limit. C = Ceiling limit. A1 = Confirmed human carcinogen. A2 = Suspected human carcinogen. A3 = Animal carcinogen. A4 = Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. A5 = Not suspected as a human carcinogen.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual Protection Measures

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Eye/Face Protection

If a risk assessment indicates that it is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts, then safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used.

Skin Protection

If a risk assessment indicates it is necessary, chemical-resistant, imperious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Suitable materials are: nitrile rubber Suitable materials are: nitrile rubber.

Respiratory Protection

If a risk assessment indicates that it is necessary (i.e. H2S concentration is above 10ppm exposure limit), use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter cartridge or canister with a dust, fume or mist filter (R, or P series) may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Dark black - brown oily liquid. Particle Size: Not applicable **Appearance**

Odour Characteristic asphaltic odour or "rotten egg" odour if H2S present, but odour is

an unreliable warning, since it may deaden the sense of smell.

Odour Threshold Not available Hq Not applicable

Melting Point/Freezing Point Not available (melting); Not available (freezing)

Initial Boiling Point/Range Not available

Flash Point > 80 °C (176 °F) (open cup)

Evaporation Rate Not available Flammability (solid, gas) Not available

Upper/Lower Flammability or

Explosive Limit Vapour Pressure 6.5% (upper); 0.7% (lower)

3 - 4

Vapour Density (air = 1)

Relative Density (water = 1) 0.94 - 1.00 at 15 °C

Solubility Insoluble in water; Not available (in other liquids)

Not available

Partition Coefficient, Not available

n-Octanol/Water (Log Kow)

Auto-ignition Temperature Not available **Decomposition Temperature** Not available

Viscosity 100 - 600 centistokes (kinematic); Not available (dynamic)

Other Information

Physical State Liquid

Surface Tension Not available **Electrical Conductivity** Not available Vapour Pressure at 50 deg C Not available Saturated Vapour Concentration Not available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions of use.

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Chemical Stability

Stable under normal storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Contact between heated Asphalt and water can cause a violent eruption. May release COx, NOx, SOx, POx, H2S, hydrocarbons, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

Conditions to Avoid

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur. Exposure to heat.

Incompatible Materials

Reactive with oxidizing agents acides. Bases. Oxidizers.

Not corrosive to metals.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

May release COx, NOx, SOx, POx, H2S, hydrocarbons, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure

Dermal contact. Eye contact, inhalation. Ingestion.

Acute Toxicity

Chemical Name	LC50	LD50 (oral)	LD50 (dermal)
Asphalt (Bitumen) fume		> 5000 mg/kg (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (rabbit)
FUEL OIL NO. 2		~ 12000 mg/kg (rat)	
Asphalt Additive		> 2000 mg/kg (rat)	3266 mg/kg (rabbit)
Hydrogen sulfide	~ 444 ppm (rat) (4-hour exposure) (gas)		

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

May cause mild irritation to skin. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching. Hot liquid product may cause serious thermal burns on direct contact. Asphalt fumes can increase susceptibility to sunburn. Slightly irritating to the skin. Contact with hot material can cause thermal burns.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

May cause mild irritation to eyes. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision. Hot liquid product may cause serious thermal burns on direct contact. Hydrogen sulphide may cause eye irritation at 1 - 20 ppm and acute conjunctivitis at higher concentrations. Above 50 ppm H2S, eye irritation may include symptoms of redness, sever swelling, tearing, sensitivity to light and the appearence of 'Halos' around lights. May cause mild irritation. Symptoms include sore, red eyes, and tearing.

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Single Exposure

Inhalation

May be harmful based on information for closely related materials.

Take precaution in confined spaces.

Can irritate the nose and throat. Symptoms may include coughing, shortness of breath, difficult breathing and tightness in the chest.

Skin Absorption

May be harmful based on information for closely related materials.

Skin to darken.

Ingestion

Harmful based on information for closely related materials.

Irritation of the mouth, throat and stomach.

Harmful. Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, stomach cramps and diarrhea.

Aspiration Hazard

Not known to be an aspiration hazard.

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STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Repeated Exposure

Harmful based on limited evidence.

Asphalt: May contain low levels of polycyclic aromatic compounds (PACs), some of which are suspected of causing cancer under conditions of poor industrial hygiene and prolonged repeated contact. These PACs may also be inhaled. Inhalation studies at high concentrations of fumes resulted in bronchitis, pneumonitis, fibrosis and cell damage. Avoid contact with the asphalt and inhalation of vapour or aerosol from it.

Effect(s) from long-term exposure are similar to effects described for short-term exposure.

Respiratory and/or Skin Sensitization

No information was located.

Carcinogenicity

Chemical Name	IARC	ACGIH®	NTP	OSHA
Asphalt (Bitumen) fume	Group 2B	A4		
FUEL OIL NO. 2	Group 3	A3	Not Listed	
Asphalt Additive	Not evaluated	Not designated	Not Listed	Not Listed

IARC: 8052-42-4 Group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Occupational exposure to straight-run bitumens and their fume condensates during road paving.

An IARC working group has concluded that occupational exposures to straight-run bitumens and their emissions during road paving are 'possibly carcinogenic to humans' (Group 2B).

Key to Abbreviations

ACGIH® = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. A3 = Animal carcinogen. IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer. Group 2B = Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Group 3 = Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. ACGIH® = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. A4 = Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Reproductive Toxicity

Development of Offspring

No information was located.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Sexual Function and Fertility

No information was located.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Effects on or via Lactation

Not known to cause effects on or via lactation.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No information was located.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Interactive Effects

No information was located.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ecotoxicity

Marine Pollutant.

Persistence and Degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative Potential

(Asphalt (Bitumen)) this product and its degradation products are not known to bioaccumulate.

Mobility in Soil

Studies are not available.

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Other Adverse Effects

There is no information available.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

Contact local environmental authorities for approved disposal or recycling methods in your jurisdiction. Recycle and reuse product, if possible. The required hazard evaluation of the waste and compliance with the applicable hazardous waste laws are the responsibility of the user. Store product for disposal as described under Storage in Section 7 of this safety data sheet. Empty containers retain product residue. Follow label warnings even if container appears to be empty. The container for this product can present explosion or fire hazards, even when emptied. Do not cut, puncture, or weld on or near this container. Do not reuse empty containers. Dispose of or recycle empty containers through an approved waste management facility.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated under Canadian TDG regulations.

Regulation	UN No.	Proper Shipping Name	Transport Hazard Class(es)	Packing Group
Canadian TDG	3256	Perma patch, liquid asphalt (Elevated temperature liquid, flammable, n.o.s., with a flash point above 60.5 c, at or above its flashpoint)	3	III
US DOT	3256	Perma patch, liquid asphalt (Elevated temperature liquid, flammable, n.o.s., with flash point above 37.8 c, at or above its flash point)	3	III

Environmental

Potential Marine Pollutant (FUEL OIL NO. 2)

Hazards

Special Precautions Not applicable

Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations

Canada

Domestic Substances List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

All ingredients are listed on the DSL or are not required to be listed.

USA

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 8(b)

All ingredients are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating Health - 2 Flammability - 2 Instability - 0

SDS Prepared By EPC & Risk Management Department

Phone No. 1-800-268-4238

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Revision Indicators Nov 22 2018: Perma Patch added to product identifiers.

Key to Abbreviations ACGIH® = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA® = AIHA® Guideline Foundation HSDB® = Hazardous Substances Data Bank

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IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer

NFPA = National Fire Protection Association NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational

Safety and Health

NTP = National Toxicology Program

OSHA = US Occupational Safety and Health Administration RTECS® = Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

References CHEMINFO database. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS).

HSDB® database. US National Library of Medicine. Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS®) database. Dassault Systèmes/BIOVIA ("BIOVIA"). Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). NIOSH Pocket Guide database. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational

Health and Safety (CCOHS).

Disclaimer To the best of our knowledge, the information herein is accurate. However, neither the

above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the

accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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