

B Paint

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier	B Paint
Other Means of Identification	B Paint, Ambercoat, M001
Recommended Use	Waterproofing, Damp proofing.
Restrictions on Use	None known.
Manufacturer/Supplier Identifier	McAsphalt Industries Ltd, 8800 Sheppard Ave East, Toronto, Ontario, M1B 5R4, 416-281-8181
Emergency Phone No.	CANUTEC, (613) 996 - 6666, 24 hours McAsphalt Industries Ltd., 1 - (800) - 268 - 4238, 8AM-5PM Monday to Friday

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classified according to Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (WHMIS 2015).

Classification

Flammable liquid - Category 3; Acute toxicity (Inhalation) - Category 4; Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Label Elements



Warning

Flammable liquid and vapour.

Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. – No smoking.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	%	Other Identifiers	Other Names
Asphalt (Bitumen)	8052-42-4	50-80		Asphalt
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	20-45		

Notes

Trimethylbenzene is an in-situ component of Stoddard solvent During storage or transit of hot asphalt, hydrogen sulphide may be generated. The composition and percentages listed will vary based on the product type. There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

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First-aid Measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie, belt or waist band. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact

For hot asphalt splash, cool affected body part with water immersion or shower. Do not attempt to remove asphalt from the skin. Once the bitumen has cooled, it will do no further harm and in fact provide a sterile covering over a burnt area. As healing takes place, the bitumen plaque, the bitumen plaque will detach itself, usually after a few days. For skin soiling without underlying burn, cleanse with mineral oil followed by soap and water. Use olive oil in vicinity of eyes.

Eye Contact

If a contact lens is present, DO NOT delay flushing or attempt to remove the lens. Immediately rinse the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15-20 minutes, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately. Call a Poison Centre or doctor if you feel unwell.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Delayed

If inhaled:

Can cause severe irritation of the nose and throat.

If in eyes:

Symptoms include sore, red eyes, and tearing.

If on skin: repeated or prolonged exposure can irritate or burn the skin.

Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Target Organs

Skin: can cause irritation, dermatitis. Skin defatting with chronic exposure. Eyes: can cause eye irritation and conjunctivitis.

Special Instructions

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis see toxicological information (Section 11).

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder or appropriate foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not spray water onto tank, vessel containing liquid asphalt as water reacts violently with product at elevated temperatures; risk of steam explosion.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Product

Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and heat. Can be ignited by static discharge. See Section 9 (Physical and Chemical Properties) for flash point and explosive limits. Vapours may travel considerable distances to ignition sources and cause a flash fire. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, auto-ignition or explosion. This material is sensitive to static discharge at temperatures above the flash point. Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters

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Chemical protective clothing (e.g. chemical splash suit) and positive pressure SCBA may be necessary Cool tanks, shells and containers exposed to fire and excessive heat with water.

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate the area immediately. Isolate the hazard area. Keep out unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled product unless wearing appropriate protective equipment. Increase ventilation to area or move leaking container to a well-ventilated and secure area. Use the personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Monitor area for flammable or explosive atmosphere.

Environmental Precautions

It is good practice to prevent releases into the environment. Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any waterway. If the spill is inside a building, prevent product from entering drains, ventilation systems and confined areas. Minimize the use of water to prevent environmental contamination. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Small spills or leaks: stop or reduce leak if safe to do so. Contain and soak up spill with absorbent that does not react with spilled product. Do not use absorbents. Contain spill using noncombustible material such as vermiculite, earth or sand. Do NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Cover the spill surface with the appropriate type of foam to reduce the release of vapour. Place used absorbent into suitable, covered, labelled containers for disposal.

Contaminated absorbent poses the same hazard as the spilled product. Large spills or leaks: dike spilled product to prevent runoff. Knock down gas with fog or fine water spray. Knock down vapour with fog or fine water spray. Do not direct water at spill or source. Remove or recover liquid using pumps or vacuum equipment. Flush spill area. Dike and recover contaminated water for appropriate disposal. Avoid generating dust. Avoid dry sweeping. If necessary, use a dust suppressant such as water. Do not use compressed air for clean-up. Use water fog or spray curtain to reduce amount of dust in air. Collect using shovel/scoop or approved HEPA vacuum and place in a suitable container for disposal. Get expert advice before treating the spilled product with other chemicals to make it less hazardous. Store recovered product in suitable containers that are: covered, tightly-covered. Review Section 13 (Disposal Considerations) of this safety data sheet. Contact emergency services and manufacturer/supplier for advice.

Other Information

Do not use combustible absorbents, such as sawdust report spills to local health, safety and environmental authorities, as required. Contact supplier, local fire and emergency services for help.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Only use where there is adequate ventilation. Avoid generating vapours or mists. Avoid generating dusts. Prevent uncontrolled release of product. Immediately report leaks, spills or failures of the safety equipment (e.g. ventilation system). In the event of a spill or leak, exit the area immediately. Eliminate heat and ignition sources such as sparks, open flames, hot surfaces and static discharge. Post "No Smoking" signs. Do not use near welding operations or other high energy sources. Avoid heating that will increase the amount of vapours. Do not weld, cut or perform hot work on empty container until all traces of product have been removed. Good housekeeping is extremely important. Prevent dust accumulation on ALL surfaces including ceiling rafters and other hidden surfaces. Do not use compressed air to clean equipment, clothing or spills. Electrically bond and ground equipment. Ground clips must contact bare metal. Increase conductivity by reducing flow rate in transfer operations and/or handle at lower temperature. Prevent accidental contact with incompatible chemicals. Avoid ALL unprotected contact with this product or with contaminated equipment/surfaces. Wear personal protective equipment to avoid direct contact with this chemical. Avoid repeated or prolonged skin contact with product or with contaminated equipment/surfaces. Prevent contamination of surfaces that unprotected personnel may use. Keep dry. Prevent exposure to water and humidity. Handle under inert gas atmosphere in dry equipment. Prevent any accidental contact with water in handling and storage areas. Avoid shock, friction or impact. Do not skid, drag or drop containers. Do not chip or grind lumps. During storage, transit and cooling of asphalt, solvent vapour and hydrogen sulphide may accumulate in enclosed spaces such as tank cars. Open tank car hatches with caution. Maintain same precautions when gauging and sampling.

Do NOT smoke in work areas. Do NOT eat, drink or store food in work areas. Immediately remove contaminated

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clothing using the method that minimizes exposure. See Section 13 (Disposal Considerations) of this safety data sheet.

Conditions for Safe Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Engineering controls are usually required in the storage area to protect against the product's hazard(s). Review Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection) for information. See advice on temperature in Conditions to Avoid in Section 10 (Stability and Reactivity) to determine suitable storage temperature. Electrically bond and ground containers. Ground clips must contact bare metal. Avoid bulk storage indoors. Do not handle swollen drums. Get expert advice. Empty containers may contain hazardous residue. Store separately. Keep closed. Follow all precautions given on this safety data sheet. Comply with all applicable health and safety regulations, fire and building codes.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV®		OSHA PEL		AIHA WEEL	
	TWA	STEL	TWA	Ceiling	8-hr TWA	TWA
Asphalt (Bitumen)	0.5 mg/m ³ (l) A4 BEI		Not established			
Stoddard solvent	100 ppm		100 ppm			

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Exhaust ventilation/engineering controls need to keep vapour and gas concentrations below recommended limits and below any lower explosive limits. Good general ventilation should be used. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Individual Protection Measures

Eye/Face Protection

Wear chemical safety goggles and face shield when contact is possible.

Skin Protection

Wear chemical protective clothing e.g. gloves, aprons, boots.

If a risk assessment indicates it is necessary, chemical-resistant, imperious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Suitable materials are: nitrile rubber
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Respiratory Protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter cartridge or canister with a dust, fume or mist filter (R, or P series) may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Dark black.
Odour	Asphalt, heavy petroleum residue
Odour Threshold	Not available
pH	Not available
Melting Point/Freezing Point	Not available (melting); Not applicable (freezing)
Initial Boiling Point/Range	> 150 °C (302 °F)

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Flash Point	50 °C (122 °F) (open cup)
Evaporation Rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limit	7.0% (upper); 0.8% (lower)
Vapour Pressure	10 kPa (75 mm Hg) at 20 °C
Vapour Density (air = 1)	4
Relative Density (water = 1)	0.938 at 15 °C (59 °F) (Stoddard solvent)
Solubility	Insoluble in water
Partition Coefficient, n-Octanol/Water (Log Kow)	Not available
Auto-ignition Temperature	Not available
Decomposition Temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available (kinematic)
Other Information	
Physical State	Liquid
Bulk Density	Not available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions of use.

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerizations does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Open flames, sparks, static discharge, heat and other ignition sources. Incompatible materials. Exposure to heat.

Incompatible Materials

Acides. Bases. Oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Not available.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information presented below is for the entire product, unless otherwise specified.

Likely Routes of Exposure

Eye contact; skin contact; inhalation; ingestion; skin absorption.

Acute Toxicity

Chemical Name	LC50	LD50 (oral)	LD50 (dermal)
Asphalt (Bitumen)	> 94.4 mg/m ³ (rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (rabbit)
Stoddard solvent	> 1300 ppm (rat) (4-hour exposure)	> 5000 mg/kg (rat)	> 3000 mg/kg (rabbit)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

May cause mild irritation to skin. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching. Hot liquid product may cause serious thermal burns on direct contact. Asphalt fumes can increase susceptibility to sunburn. Slightly irritating to the skin. Contact with hot material can cause thermal burns.

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Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

May cause mild irritation to eyes. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision. Hot liquid product may cause serious thermal burns on direct contact. Hydrogen sulphide may cause eye irritation at 1 - 20 ppm and acute conjunctivitis at higher concentrations. Above 50 ppm H₂S, eye irritation may include symptoms of redness, severe swelling, tearing, sensitivity to light and the appearance of 'Halos' around lights. EYE IRRITANT. Symptoms include sore, red eyes, and tearing. Hot liquid product may cause thermal burns.

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Single Exposure

Inhalation

May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Can cause irritation to the nose and throat.

Skin Absorption

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Ingestion

Low order of acute toxicity. May cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

At ambient temperature there is no significant adverse effect expected. Irritation of mouth, throat, or gastrointestinal tract may occur.

Aspiration Hazard

Not known to be an aspiration hazard.

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Repeated Exposure

Not harmful based on limited evidence.

May cause irritation of the respiratory system. Respiratory tract injury has been observed, dermatitis, oil acne, skin to lose colour or turn white. This product is not reported to have any specific target organ general toxicity single exposure effect.

Although the material in general is not considered to have chronic effects, it may contain benzene, a listed carcinogen. Refer to Section 11 of the SDS for more detailed information.

Respiratory and/or Skin Sensitization

Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Carcinogenicity

Chemical Name	IARC	ACGIH®	NTP	OSHA
Asphalt (Bitumen)	Group 2B	A4		

Group 2B – Possibly carcinogenic to humans. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that occupational exposures to oxide asphalt and their emissions during roofing operations are "probably carcinogenic to humans" (Group A). IARC concluded that occupational exposures to hard asphalts and their emissions during mastic asphalt work are "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B). IARC concluded that occupational exposure to straight-run asphalts and their emissions during paving operations are "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B).

An IARC working group has concluded that occupational exposures to straight-run bitumens and their emissions during road paving are 'possibly carcinogenic to humans' (Group 2B). The material in general is not considered a carcinogen, however, all appropriate precautions should still be taken due to the presence of trace amounts of benzene in the product.

Key to Abbreviations

IARC has reviewed the carcinogenicity of petroleum solvents (including Stoddard solvent in a sub-group of white spirits). IARC concluded that petroleum solvents are not classifiable as to their carcinogenicity to humans. (.

Reproductive Toxicity

Development of Offspring

No information was located.

No information was located.

Sexual Function and Fertility

No information was located.

No information was located.

Effects on or via Lactation

Not known to cause effects on or via lactation.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No information was located.

No information was located.

Interactive Effects

Not available.

Not available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Keep out of sewers, drainage areas and waterways. Report spills and releases, as applicable under Federal and Provincial regulations. The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ecotoxicity

Studies were not located.

Persistence and Degradability

No information was located.

Bioaccumulative Potential

No information was located.

Mobility in Soil

Studies are not available.

Other Adverse Effects

There is no information available.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

Contact local environmental authorities for approved disposal or recycling methods in your jurisdiction. Recycle and reuse product, if possible. The required hazard evaluation of the waste and compliance with the applicable hazardous waste laws are the responsibility of the user. This product and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do NOT dump into any sewers, on the ground or into any body of water. Store product for disposal as described under Storage in Section 7 of this safety data sheet. Treat waste in an approved waste disposal facility. Empty containers retain product residue. Follow label warnings even if container appears to be empty. Do not reuse empty containers. Dispose of or recycle empty containers through an approved waste management facility.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Regulation	UN No.	Proper Shipping Name	Transport Hazard Class(es)	Packing Group
Canadian TDG	1999	B-Paint waterproofing (Tars, Liquid, including road asphalt and oils, bitumen and cutbacks)	3	II
US DOT	1999	B-Paint waterproofing (Tars, Liquid, including road asphalt and oils, bitumen and cutbacks)	3	II

Environmental Hazards

Potential Marine Pollutant

Special Precautions Please note: PG* : Packing group

Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

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SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations

Canada

Domestic Substances List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

All ingredients are listed on the DSL or are not required to be listed.

USA

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 8(b)

All ingredients are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.

Additional USA Regulatory Lists

SARA Title III - Section 302: Not listed SARA Title III - Section 304 EHS RQ (lbs.) Not listed SARA Title III - Section 313: Not listed CERCLA: Not listed RCRA CODE Not listed CAA 112(r) TQ (lbs.) Not listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating	Health - 2	Flammability - 3	Instability - 1
	Based on Stoddard solvent		
SDS Prepared By	EPC & Risk Management Department		
Phone No.	1-800-268-4238		
Date of Preparation	January 23, 2018		
Date of Last Revision	February 07, 2019		
Revision Indicators	September 30 2019 Product Identifiers updated in "Other Means of Identification"		
Key to Abbreviations	ACGIH® = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA® = AIHA® Guideline Foundation HSDB® = Hazardous Substances Data Bank IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer NFPA = National Fire Protection Association NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP = National Toxicology Program OSHA = US Occupational Safety and Health Administration RTECS® = Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances		
References	CHEMINFO database. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). HSDB® database. US National Library of Medicine. Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). NIOSH Pocket Guide database. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS®) database. Dassault Systèmes/BIOVIA ("BIOVIA"). Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS).		
Additional Information	For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignition out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity".		
Disclaimer	To the best of our knowledge, the information herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.		

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